ST. PETER SR. SEC. SCHOOL, JAORA

SOCIAL STUDIES

CLASS IV

CHAPTER 1 – OUR COUNTRY INDIA

India is the seventh largest country in the world and the third largest country in Asia. It is located at the southern tip of Asia and surrounded by the Bay of Bengal on the east, the Arabian Sea on the west and the Indian Ocean on the south.

There are 9 neighbouring countries of India –

- Afghanistan and Pakistan lie to the north-west of India.
- Sri Lanka and the Maldives lie to the south of India.
- Myanmar and Bangladesh lie to the east of India.
- China lies to the north and north-east of India.
- Nepal lies to the north and Bhutan lies to the north-east of India.

POLITICAL DIVISIONS OF INDIA

India is divided into 28 states and 9 union territories which are governed by the central government. In addition, central government govern the states through state government.

The term 'capital' of the state means the city that is the base of all important government activities of a state.

PHYSICAL DIVISIONS OF INDIA

There are six physical divisions in India based on the landforms. They are:

- 1. The Northern Mountains
- 2. The Northern Plains
- 3. The Great Indian Desert
- 4. The Southern Plateau
- 5. The Coastal Plains
- 6. The Islands

W	OR	K OUT							
A.]	Fill	in the blanks with	the correct answe	rs.					
	1.	Pakistan lies to the north-west of India.							
		a. north-west	b. east	c. north					
	2.	A neighbouring country of India to its south is Maldives .							
		a. Pakistan	b. Maldives	c. Bhutan					
	3. Shimla is the capital of Himachal Pradesh.								
		a. Kolkata	b. Shimla	c. Gangtok					
	4.	Chandigarh is the capital of Haryana .							
		a. Haryana	b. Bihar	c. Assam					
	5.	The Great Indian Desert is on the west of India.							
		a. south	b. north	c. west					
В. Ъ	Wr	ite T for true and F	for false.						
	1.	Sri Lanka is one of India's neighbours.							
	2.	West Bengal has two capitals.							
	3.	The Andaman and Nicobar Islands are administered by their own state government.							
	4.	Hyderabad is the capital of Telangana.							
	5.	The states are of India governed directly by the central government.							
C. A	Ans	swer these question	s.						
	1. Name all the neighbouring countries of India.								
		Ans. The neighbouring countries of India are Nepal, Bhutan, Pakistan, Bangladesh,							
		Afghanistan, Sri Lanka, Maldives, China and Myanmar.							
	2.	and union territories?							
		Ans. India is divided into 28 states and 9 union territories.							
	3.	Name the capitals of	n states of India.						
		Ans. The capitals o	f three southern sta	ites of India are:					

Karnataka – Bengaluru

Tamil Nadu – Chennai

Kerala

 $- \ Thir uvan anthapuram$

4. Who looks after the administration of the union territories?

Ans. The administration of the union territories is governed by the central government.

5. Describe India's location in Asia.

Ans. India is located at the southern tip of Asia.

6. Name all the physical features of India and name one state which falls in each region.

Ans. The physical features of India and the state fall in that particular region are:

a. The Northern mountains - Arunachal Pradesh

b. The Northern plains - Punjab

c. The Great Indian Desert - Rajasthan

d. The Southern plateau - Madhya Pradesh

e. The Coastal plains - Kerala

f. The Islands - Lakshadweep Islands

D. Read the capital cities in different regions of India. Circle the odd one out.

1.	Lucknow	Shimla	Mohali	Chandigarh
2.	Agartala	Imphal	Itanagar	Jorhat
3.(Kochi	Bengaluru	Chennai	Hyderabad
4.	Mumbai	Agra	Bhopal	Gandhinagar
5.	Patna	Ranchi	Siliguri	Kolkata

Note:

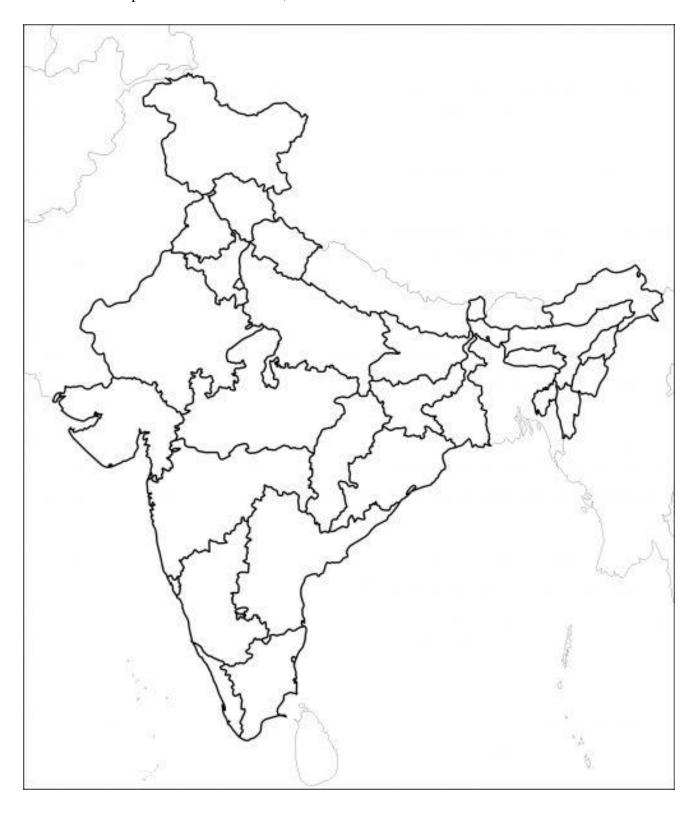
Part A, B and D answers should be mentioned in textbooks.

Part C – Answer these question should be written in fair copy.

ASSIGNMENT – HOME WORK

A. Map Work

On an outline map of India shown below, mark all the union territories.



B. Complete the general questions on India.

- 1. The third largest country of Asia.
- 2. The government that looks after all the states and union territories of India.
- 3. A city that serves as the capital of two states of India.
- 4. A landlocked neighbouring country of India.
- 5. The year in which Telangana was carved out of Andhra Pradesh.
- 6. The southern part of India is known as-

THANK YOU