

**St.Peter's Sr.Sec.School,Jaora**  
**CIVICS**  
**CLASS-7**  
**CHAPTER-10**  
**"PEOPLE FOR EQUALITY"**

**A. Fill in the blanks with correct answers.**

**1. In Srilanka,the minority was dominated by the\_\_\_\_\_.**

- a. Tamil community**
- b. Sinhala community ✓**

**2. The main source of livelihood for people near Narmada was\_\_\_\_\_.**

- a.farming**
- b. fishing ✓**

**3. A neighbouring state of Gujarat,that would also have been affected by the construction of the dam was\_\_\_\_\_.**

- a. Madhya Pradesh ✓**
- b. Uttar Pradesh**

**4. Along with Medha Patkar,a leader of the Narmada Bachao Andolan was\_\_\_\_\_.**

- a. Baba Amte ✓**
- b. Anna Hazare**

## **B. Fill in the blanks.**

**1. People are discriminated against due to \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.**

**Ans ► Caste and Gender**

**2. \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ were two renowned people associated with the Narmada Bachao Andolan.**

**Ans ► Baba Amte and Medha Patkar**

**3. The Universal Adult Franchise is granted to people who are \_\_\_\_\_ years and above.**

**Ans ► 18**

**4. The Constitution is a \_\_\_\_\_ document.**

**Ans ► Living**

**5. The Shudras are referred to as \_\_\_\_\_ after independence.**

**Ans ► Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.**

### **C. Correct the incorrect statements.**

**1. Medha Patkar supported the construction of the dam.**

**Ans ► Medha Patkar did not supported the construction of dam.**

**2.The World Bank refused to grant loans for the construction of the dam.**

**Ans ► The World Bank agreed to grant loans for the construction of the dam.**

**3. The Sardar Sarovar dam is built in karnataka.**

**Ans ► The Sardar Sarovar dam is built in Gujarat.**

**4. Large dams are always environment friendly.**

**Ans ► Large dams are not environment friendly.**

**5. The Bamiyan Buddhas were constructed by the Taliban.**

**Ans ► The Bamiyan Buddhas were destroyed by the Taliban.**

**D. Answer these questions in brief.**

**1. Why was the Narmada Bachao Andolan started?**

**Ans ► The Narmada Bachao Andolan was started to stop the construction of Sardar Sarovar Dam.**

**2. Write a short note on women's struggle for equality.**

**Ans ► Women activists have been struggling for long to ensure that women are treated equally with men and are treated with respect.**



### 3. Why are poor people discriminated against?

**Ans** ▶ **Poor people** do not have resource to afford expensive private health services. Poverty **and** lack of resources are the main reason of inequality among **people** in India. **Discrimination** on the basis of caste, sex, a person's religion is another factor for why people are treated unequally in India.

### 4. Why is the Constitution considered a living document ?

**Ans** ▶ The Indian **Constitution is known as a living document** because it is not static and can be amended and changed over the period of time according to the needs and requirements of the society.

## **E. Answer these questions in detail.**

**1. Why were the Bamiyan Buddhas destroyed? What kind of intolerance is this ?**

**Ans** ▶ The **Buddhas of Bamiyan** were two 6th-century monumental statues of Gautama Buddha carved into the side of a cliff in the Bamiyan valley of central Afghanistan. The statues were blown up and destroyed in March 2001 by the Taliban, on orders from leader Mullah Mohammed Omar, after the Taliban government declared that they were idols. International and local opinion strongly condemned the destruction of the Buddhas.



**2. List two advantages of the construction of dams.**

**Ans ► Two advantages of the construction of dams are:-**

1. It is associated with the development and progress in a society because a dam is a source of power generation or hydroelectricity.
2. Dams lead to better water management and make irrigation of crops possible where there is a shortage of other sources of water.

### **3. Dams are considered to be a threat to the environment. How?**

**Ans** ► The following points show that dams are considered to be a threat to environment.

1. Negative impact on aquatic animals
2. Impact on waterbody
3. Impact on the groundwater table
4. Impact on Biosphere
5. Erosion of encompassing soil
6. High risk of disaster

**4. Write a note on the struggle for equality in India.**

**Ans ► There are many backward communities in India who have been struggling to get equal opportunities against injustices. Poor and uneducated people who do not have good jobs become easy targets of exploitation. Womens have to fight against harassment. A major source of discrimination continues to be the caste system.**