

## *Exercise 6.1*

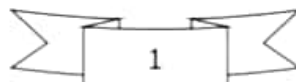
### **Question 1:**

What will be the unit digit of the squares of the following numbers?

- |             |              |
|-------------|--------------|
| (i) 81      | (ii) 272     |
| (iii) 799   | (iv) 3853    |
| (v) 1234    | (vi) 26387   |
| (vii) 52698 | (viii) 99880 |
| (ix) 12796  | (x) 55555    |

### **Answer 1:**

- (i) The number 81 contains its unit's place digit 1. So, square of 1 is 1.  
Hence, unit's digit of square of 81 is 1.
- (ii) The number 272 contains its unit's place digit 2. So, square of 2 is 4.  
Hence, unit's digit of square of 272 is 4.
- (iii) The number 799 contains its unit's place digit 9. So, square of 9 is 81.  
Hence, unit's digit of square of 799 is 1.
- (iv) The number 3853 contains its unit's place digit 3. So, square of 3 is 9.  
Hence, unit's digit of square of 3853 is 9.
- (v) The number 1234 contains its unit's place digit 4. So, square of 4 is 16.  
Hence, unit's digit of square of 1234 is 6.
- (vi) The number 26387 contains its unit's place digit 7. So, square of 7 is 49.  
Hence, unit's digit of square of 26387 is 9.
- (vii) The number 52698 contains its unit's place digit 8. So, square of 8 is 64.  
Hence, unit's digit of square of 52698 is 4.
- (viii) The number 99880 contains its unit's place digit 0. So, square of 0 is 0.  
Hence, unit's digit of square of 99880 is 0.
- (ix) The number 12796 contains its unit's place digit 6. So, square of 6 is 36.  
Hence, unit's digit of square of 12796 is 6.
- (x) The number 55555 contains its unit's place digit 5. So, square of 5 is 25.  
Hence, unit's digit of square of 55555 is 5.



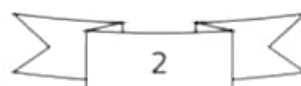
**Question 2:**

The following numbers are obviously not perfect squares. Give reasons.

- |       |        |        |        |
|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| (i)   | 1057   | (ii)   | 23453  |
| (iii) | 7928   | (iv)   | 222222 |
| (v)   | 64000  | (vi)   | 89722  |
| (vii) | 222000 | (viii) | 505050 |

**Answer 2:**

- (i) Since, perfect square numbers contain their unit's place digit 1, 4, 5, 6, 9 and even numbers of 0.  
Therefore 1057 is not a perfect square because its unit's place digit is 7.
- (ii) Since, perfect square numbers contain their unit's place digit 0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 9 and even number of 0. Therefore 23453 is not a perfect square because its unit's place digit is 3.
- (iii) Since, perfect square numbers contain their unit's place digit 0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 9 and even number of 0. Therefore 7928 is not a perfect square because its unit's place digit is 8.
- (iv) Since, perfect square numbers contain their unit's place digit 0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 9 and even number of 0. Therefore 222222 is not a perfect square because its unit's place digit is 2.
- (v) Since, perfect square numbers contain their unit's place digit 0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 9 and even number of 0. Therefore 64000 is not a perfect square because its unit's place digit is single 0.
- (vi) Since, perfect square numbers contain their unit's place digit 0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 9 and even number of 0. Therefore 89722 is not a perfect square because its unit's place digit is 2.
- (vii) Since, perfect square numbers contain their unit's place digit 0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 9 and even number of 0. Therefore 222000 is not a perfect square because its unit's place digit is triple 0.
- (viii) Since, perfect square numbers contain their unit's place digit 0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 9 and even number of 0. Therefore 505050 is not a perfect square because its unit's place digit is 0.



**Question 3:**

The squares of which of the following would be odd number:

- (i) 431
- (ii) 2826
- (iii) 7779
- (iv) 82004

**Answer 3:**

- (i) 431 - Unit's digit of given number is 1 and square of 1 is 1. Therefore, square of 431 would be an odd number.
- (ii) 2826 - Unit's digit of given number is 6 and square of 6 is 36. Therefore, square of 2826 would not be an odd number.
- (iii) 7779 - Unit's digit of given number is 9 and square of 9 is 81. Therefore, square of 7779 would be an odd number.
- (iv) 82004 - Unit's digit of given number is 4 and square of 4 is 16. Therefore, square of 82004 would not be an odd number.

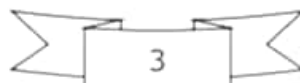
**Question 4:**

Observe the following pattern and find the missing digits:

$$\begin{aligned} 11^2 &= 121 \\ 101^2 &= 10201 \\ 1001^2 &= 1002001 \\ 100001^2 &= 1.....2.....1 \\ 10000002 &= 1..... \end{aligned}$$

**Answer 4:**

$$\begin{aligned} 11^2 &= 121 \\ 101^2 &= 10201 \\ 1001^2 &= 1002001 \\ 100001^2 &= 10000200001 \\ 10000002^2 &= 100000020000001 \end{aligned}$$



**Question 5:**

Observe the following pattern and supply the missing numbers:

$$\begin{aligned}
 11^2 &= 121 \\
 101^2 &= 10201 \\
 10101^2 &= 102030201 \\
 1010101^2 &= \dots\dots\dots \\
 \dots\dots\dots^2 &= 10203040504030201
 \end{aligned}$$

**Answer 5:**

$$\begin{aligned}
 11^2 &= 121 \\
 101^2 &= 10201 \\
 10101^2 &= 102030201 \\
 1010101^2 &= 1020304030201 \\
 101010101^2 &= 10203040504030201
 \end{aligned}$$

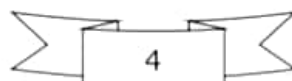
**Question 6:**

Using the given pattern, find the missing numbers:

$$\begin{aligned}
 1^2 + 2^2 + 2^2 &= 3^2 \\
 2^2 + 3^2 + 6^2 &= 7^2 \\
 3^2 + 4^2 + 12^2 &= 13^2 \\
 4^2 + 5^2 + \_{}^2 &= 21^2 \\
 5^2 + \_{}^2 + 30^2 &= 31^2 \\
 6^2 + 7^2 + \_{}^2 &= \_{}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

**Answer 6:**

$$\begin{aligned}
 1^2 + 2^2 + 2^2 &= 3^2 \\
 2^2 + 3^2 + 6^2 &= 7^2 \\
 3^2 + 4^2 + 12^2 &= 13^2 \\
 4^2 + 5^2 + 20^2 &= 21^2 \\
 5^2 + 6^2 + 30^2 &= 31^2 \\
 6^2 + 7^2 + 42^2 &= 43^2
 \end{aligned}$$



**Question 7:**

Without adding, find the sum:

- (i)  $1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9$
- (ii)  $1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17 + 19$
- (iii)  $1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17 + 19 + 21 + 23$

**Answer 7:**

- (i) Here, there are five odd numbers. Therefore square of 5 is 25.  
 $\therefore 1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 = 5^2 = 25$
- (ii) Here, there are ten odd numbers. Therefore square of 10 is 100.  
 $\therefore 1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17 + 19 = 10^2 = 100$
- (iii) Here, there are twelve odd numbers. Therefore square of 12 is 144.  
 $\therefore 1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17 + 19 + 21 + 23 = 12^2 = 144$

**Question 8:**

- (i) Express 49 as the sum of 7 odd numbers.
- (ii) Express 121 as the sum of 11 odd numbers.

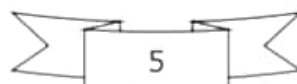
**Answer 8:**

- (i) 49 is the square of 7. Therefore it is the sum of 7 odd numbers.  
 $49 = 1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13$
- (ii) 121 is the square of 11. Therefore it is the sum of 11 odd numbers  
 $121 = 1 + 3 + 5 + 7 + 9 + 11 + 13 + 15 + 17 + 19 + 21$

**Question 9:**

How many numbers lie between squares of the following numbers:

- (i) 12 and 13
- (ii) 25 and 26
- (iii) 99 and 100



**Answer 9:**

(i) Since, non-perfect square numbers between  $n^2$  and  $(n+1)^2$  are  $2n$ .

Here,  $n = 12$

Therefore, non-perfect square numbers between 12 and 13 =  $2n = 2 \times 12$   
= 24

(ii) Since, non-perfect square numbers between  $n^2$  and  $(n+1)^2$  are  $2n$ .

Here,  $n = 25$

Therefore, non-perfect square numbers between 25 and 26 =  $2n = 2 \times 25$   
= 50

(iii) Since, non-perfect square numbers between  $n^2$  and  $(n+1)^2$  are  $2n$ .

Here,  $n = 99$

Therefore, non-perfect square numbers between 99 and 100 =  $2n = 2 \times 99$   
= 198

